Summer 2023 English Language GCSE AQA

| English Language Paper 2 | | | |
|--|---|--------------------------------------|--|
| | Section A | | |
| First 10 minutes – reading the two non-fiction texts + Q1. | Highlight key information in the context box for each text. BUG the questions. Read the source texts. Make notes to sum up your understanding next to each paragraph | | |
| Question 1 True or false (4 marks) | Make notes to sum up your understanding next to each paragraph. Identify 4 True Statements Read the stated lines of the specified text. Colour the circle of the 4 statements that are true. The answers will be in chronological order and so if there is no evidence in the first couple of lines of the text specified, then it isn't there. The question is marked by a computer so practise at the top of the page before colouring in their circles. | SCA La Paper revisic bookle | |
| Question 2 Write a summary of the similarities/differences. (8 marks) | 2 x SQUID (one SQUID on Source A and one SQUID on Source B). Choose one quotation from each source. Use SQUID to write your answer. Statement in your own words about the topic of the question. Quotation. Inference (From this I can infer because) Difference (or similarity). Compare a specific aspect (e.g. size, age, etc). | SCA La Paper revisic bookk | |
| Question 3 How does the writer use language to describe X? (12 marks) | Big Idea + 2x PETE paragraphs Choose 2 rich quotations. Start with a 'big idea' in your own words about how language is used to describe the topic of the question. Use PETE (Point, Evidence, Technique, Effect) to write your answer. Zoom on words and techniques. Use analytical phrases such as 'this has connotations of and 'this emphasises' | SCA La Paper revisic bookle | |
| Question 4 Compare the writers' perspectives on X (16 marks) | 2 x PETEW (One PETEW on Source A and one PETEW on Source B) Use PETEW (Point, Evidence, Technique, Effect, Writer's thoughts and feelings) to write your answer. Compare in P (Point) Unlike the writer of Source B who feels, the writer of Source A feels Zoom on words and techniques. Use analytical phrases such as 'this has connotations of and 'this emphasises' Compare in W (Writer) 'This is different to the writer of the other source who feels' Link all your comments back to the question. | SCA La Paper revisio bookle | |

| Question 5 | 5 paragraphs: EPIIC | SCA Lang Paper 2 |
|------------|--|---------------------|
| | Bug the question. | revision |
| Viewpoint | • Make a plan using the statement in the question as a starting point. | booklet |
| Writing | Decide your point of view and plan your answer using EPIIC. | |
| (40 marks) | Write 5 paragraphs using EPIIC: | |
| | Establish your argument. | |
| | Picture the worst case scenario. | |
| | Information and facts. | |
| | Imagine a better future. | |
| | C ontradict and conclude. | |
| | Write your answer using effective vocabulary and language features | |
| | such as anaphora and metaphor. | |
| | Use ISPACE openers and varied sentence lengths. | |
| | Use full stops, capitals and a range of punctuation. | |
| | You must proofread and correct your work. | |