

OVERVIEW

The aim in Drama is to provide students with the skills to think innovatively and develop empathy, teamwork skills and confidence. Most importantly, our curriculum is designed to inspire a lifelong appreciation of drama and theatre.

Creating, performing, and evaluating are key components of Drama at KS3. The Y8 curriculum is sequenced to support students' progression in these areas. Students will focus on the creation of their own artistic works, building to exciting and skilful performances through each unit of work. They will also focus on the development of ensemble skills as well as a love for creating original work.

Aut

Stone Cold – Scripted Drama

Developing skills in these key areas of Drama:

- Rehearsing a script - understanding that practice makes perfect
- Characterisation - creating and sustaining a realistic character in performance
- Tableaux - giving a Freeze Frame a 'heartbeat' – timing is key!
- Thought Tracking - stepping out of character to tell the audience your inner thoughts
- Character Profile – creating a full history and personality for your character
- Design – exploring how set, lights and sound can improve your piece

Assessment:

Oracy is assessed throughout the term through group work and performance/evaluation of Drama.

There will be a final group performance that is formally assessed.

Spr

Mask Work – Trestle Masks

Developing skills in these key areas of Drama:

- Physicality – using your body to create character
- Exaggeration - bigger is better – using over the top movement to show emotion
- Heightened Emotion – exploring ways to show emotion in an exaggerated way
- Comic Timing - practicing how to pause, move and create tension in comedy
- States of Tension – understanding Laban's 8 states of tension and using this in performance
- Proxemics – exploring different ways of using the space on stage to show emotion/relationships between characters
- Improvisation – thinking on your feet to create spontaneous Drama

Assessment:

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Sum

Non-Naturalistic Theatre – Devising

Developing skills in these key areas of Drama:

- Physical Theatre – using your body to tell a story
- Symbolism – understanding that motifs and symbols can help an audience engage with themes in Drama
- Frantic Assembly Theatre Company – who are they and what do they do?
- Exaggeration - bigger is better – using over the top movement to show emotion
- Pace – experimenting with the speed of your performance to create tension
- Multi-role – playing more than one character in a performance
- Heightened Emotion
- Chair Duets – a Frantic Assembly Technique to create sequences of movement
- Body as a Prop – Using your body as a prop or piece of set on stage
- Round By Through - Frantic Assembly Technique to create sequences of movement

Assessment:

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There will be a final group performance that is formally assessed.

Useful resources for supporting your child at home:

- Watching theatre is an important way to improve knowledge and understanding in Drama:

[Digital Theatre+ \(digitaltheatreplus.com\)](https://www.digitaltheatreplus.com)

Login details: login.13188

Password: extra@1320

Homework:

- Not given at KS3
- Independent rehearsals may be required in students' own time